



1

The right honourable 'Billy' William Morris Hughes
CH KC MP
Prime Minister

Church of England, F11, Grave 0033

Born in Pimlico (London), England, he was the son of William Hughes and Jane, née Morris. In 1884 at age 22, he set sail for Australia as an assisted migrant on the Duke of Westminster, reaching Brisbane on 8 December. He spent the next two years roving Queensland, taking various jobs and acquiring knowledge of the outback.

In 1892, Hughes made his political début as a street-corner speaker for the Balmain Single Tax League. He was soon elected to the New South Wales Legislative Assembly in 1894, as a member of the New South Wales Labor Party, and then transferred to the new federal parliament in 1901. He was elected deputy leader of the Australian Labor Party in 1914, and in 1915, became the 7th Prime Minister of Australia.

Hughes was an unlikely national leader and war leader—the First World War troops called him the "Little Digger".

He passed away at his Lindfield home on 28 October 1952 as a serving parliamentarian, and still holds the Australian record of the longest serving Member of Parliament. He is buried with his official wife and late daughter.

His biographer L.F. Fitzhardinge wrote that 'almost the whole of Hughes' life was passed in an atmosphere of controversy.' Hughes' passions and positions led him to be expelled from three parties and play a leading role in forming three other parties: Labour, National Labour, and Nationalist.



2

'Lottie Lyell' Charlotte Edith Cox
Silent Film Actor

Church of England, G12, Grave 0043

Born in Balmain (Sydney), Australia, the middle daughter of Joseph Charles Cox, and Charlotte Louise, née Hancock, both Australian born. Around 1906, her parents placed her in the care of Raymond Longford, an actor with Edwin Geach's Popular Dramatic Organisation, which she joined at 17.

She toured country towns with Longford, adopting the stage name 'Lottie Lyell' in 1909 when she appeared in the play An Englishman's Home in Maitland. For several years, she toured Australia and New Zealand in romantic melodramas.

Returning to Sydney, they both entered the new industry of 'silent' films. In 1911, Lyell joined Spencer's Pictures when Longford was appointed to direct its films. She went on to appear in 25 of Longford's films, 18 of them in starring roles.

Lottie contracted tuberculosis, and due to her failing health, her screen appearances became less regular. Lottie passed away in 1925, and is referred to as "My partner" by Longford on their headstone.

Regarded as Australia's first film star, she made a unique contribution to the Australian film industry. She was admired for her smarts and proved her abilities as a scriptwriter, editor, producer, director and art director. Some of her scenes from The Romantic Story of Margaret Catchpole, The Woman Suffers and The Sentimental Bloke are held in the National Film and Sound Archive of Australia (NFSA) and clips can be viewed on YouTube.



3

The right honourable Sir John Robert Kerr
AK GCMG GCVO QC
Governor General

General Lawn, O, Grave 1033

Born in Balmain (Sydney), Australia, the eldest of eight children of New South Wales-born parents Harry Kerr, a boilermaker, and his wife Laura May, née Cardwell. Kerr completed his Law degree in 1936 at The University of Sydney and was admitted to the Bar in 1938.

In 1942 Kerr began full-time duty in the Citizen Military Forces. His promotion was rapid: two steps to major in 1943 and, following his transfer to the Australian Imperial Force, to lieutenant colonel in 1944. He was appointed a QC in 1953 specialising in industrial law.

In 1972 Kerr was appointed the 18th Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, a position he held until 1974. He went on to serve as the Governor General of Australia for 3 years, 4 months and 27 days, resigning on 7 December 1977. Kerr passed away on 24 March 1991.

Kerr is known for his involvement in the constitutional crisis of 1975, which culminated in his decision to dismiss the incumbent Prime Minister Gough Whitlam to appoint Malcolm Fraser, which was unprecedented in Australian Federal politics. The double dissolution was also one of only six to ever be called in Australia. Kerr argued that a double dissolution needed to take place as early as possible to provide a democratic resolution to events.

He is likely to be remembered as one of the most controversial Governor Generals at a Federal level for generations to come.



4

'Dinny' Denis Lutge
Rugby Union & Rugby League Player

Catholic Monumental, O5, Grave 0023

Born in Sydney, Australia, he was the eighth child of Peter Benson and Mary Lutge. His early employment as a stevedore (ship-loader) likely gave him the strength and fitness for sport. Lutge first came to prominence as a footballer with the Mosman Football Club in the 1890s.

In 1898, Lutge was chosen in a representative team. His debut rugby union test match was the 1903 Wallabies v New Zealand, Sydney game. 1904 proved to be Lutge's most outstanding season. He was selected in all eight of New South Wales' representative matches, which speaks volumes of his contribution and value to a rugby team.

In 1908, Lutge was voted captain by the first Kangaroos tour party on their trip to England and Wales. After just five tour matches, he unfortunately broke his arm. This sadly ended Lutge's playing career, however he remained involved with rugby league as a state and national selector.

For over fifty years, until just prior to his death, he was a beach inspector (life-saver) at Balmoral Beach. Lutge passed away on 18 February 1953. Following a public appeal, a monumental headstone was erected for him by the North Sydney District Rugby League Club, who have named him "A Rugby immortal".

Dinny Lutge is Kangaroo player #8 on the Australian Players Register (2005). Lutge was a pioneer Australian rugby league and rugby union player, a dual-code international, and contributed to his local community.



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